MUNICIPAL GOVERNMENT AMENDMENTS
2008 GENERAL SESSION
STATE OF UTAH
Chief Sponsor: Carlene M. Walker
House Sponsor: Aaron Tilton
LONG TITLE
Committee Note:
The Political Subdivisions Interim Committee recommended this bill.
The Local Issues Task Force recommended this bill.
General Description:
This bill modifies provisions of the Utah Municipal Code.
Highlighted Provisions:
This bill:
<ul> <li>rewrites and reorganizes provisions relating to forms of municipal government;</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>repeals provisions relating to forms of municipal government that have been</li> </ul>
rewritten or made obsolete by the rewritten provisions;
<ul> <li>clarifies the forms of government under which a municipality may operate;</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>clarifies provisions relating to the council-mayor, six-member council, and</li> </ul>
five-member council forms of municipal government;
<ul> <li>repeals provisions relating to the council-manager form of municipal government;</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>provides for municipalities operating under the former council-manager form of</li> </ul>
government to operate in the future under the five-member council form of
government, but allowing them to retain the same number of council members;
<ul> <li>provides for managers appointed under a former council-manager form of</li> </ul>
government before the effective date of this bill to be paid severance payment upon
the dismissal of the manager; and



S.B. 20 01-02-08 12:11 PM

28	<ul><li>makes technical and conforming changes.</li></ul>
29	Monies Appropriated in this Bill:
30	None
31	Other Special Clauses:
32	None
33	<b>Utah Code Sections Affected:</b>
34	AMENDS:
35	10-2-303, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2004, Chapter 202
36	10-3-504, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2004, Chapter 202
37	10-3-507, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2004, Chapter 202
38	10-3-820, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1977, Chapter 48
39	10-3-902, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1977, Chapter 48
40	ENACTS:
41	<b>10-3a-101</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
42	<b>10-3a-102</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
43	<b>10-3a-103</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
44	<b>10-3a-104</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
45	<b>10-3a-201</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
46	<b>10-3a-202</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
47	<b>10-3a-203</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
48	<b>10-3a-204</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
49	<b>10-3a-301</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
50	<b>10-3a-302</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
51	<b>10-3a-303</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
52	<b>10-3a-401</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
53	<b>10-3a-402</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
54	<b>10-3a-403</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
55	10-3a-501, Utah Code Annotated 1953
56	10-3a-502, Utah Code Annotated 1953
57	REPEALS:
58	10-3-101, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2004. Chapter 202.

59	10-3-102, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1977, Chapter 48
60	10-3-106, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2004, Chapters 90 and 202
61	10-3-207, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1977, Chapter 48
62	10-3-403, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1977, Chapter 48
63	10-3-404, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1977, Chapter 48
64	10-3-503, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1987, Chapter 92
65	10-3-801, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1977, Chapter 48
66	10-3-802, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1987, Chapter 92
67	10-3-803, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1977, Chapter 48
68	10-3-804, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1977, Chapter 39
69	10-3-805, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1977, Chapter 48
70	10-3-806, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1993, Chapter 4
71	10-3-807, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1977, Chapter 39
72	10-3-808, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2003, Chapter 292
73	10-3-809, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2003, Chapter 292
74	10-3-811, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2003, Chapter 292
75	10-3-812, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2003, Chapter 292
76	10-3-813, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1977, Chapter 48
77	<b>10-3-814</b> , as enacted by Laws of Utah 1977, Chapter 48
78	<b>10-3-815</b> , as enacted by Laws of Utah 1977, Chapter 48
79	<b>10-3-816</b> , as enacted by Laws of Utah 1977, Chapter 48
80	<b>10-3-817</b> , as enacted by Laws of Utah 1977, Chapter 48
81	10-3-830, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapter 266
82	<b>10-3-901</b> , as enacted by Laws of Utah 1977, Chapter 48
83	<b>10-3-1201</b> , as enacted by Laws of Utah 1977, Chapter 48
84	<b>10-3-1202</b> , as enacted by Laws of Utah 1977, Chapter 48
85	<b>10-3-1203</b> , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2004, Chapters 202 and 371
86	<b>10-3-1204</b> , as enacted by Laws of Utah 1977, Chapter 48
87	<b>10-3-1205</b> , as enacted by Laws of Utah 1977, Chapter 48
88	<b>10-3-1206</b> , as last amended by Laws of Utah 1985, Chapter 222
89	<b>10-3-1207</b> , as enacted by Laws of Utah 1977, Chapter 48

90	<b>10-3-1208</b> , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2004, Chapter 202
91	10-3-1210, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1977, Chapter 48
92	10-3-1211, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1977, Chapter 48
93	10-3-1212, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2006, Chapter 14
94	10-3-1213, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1977, Chapter 48
95	10-3-1214, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1977, Chapter 48
96	10-3-1215, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1977, Chapter 48
97	10-3-1216, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1991, Chapter 54
98	10-3-1217, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1981, Chapter 47
99	10-3-1218, as repealed and reenacted by Laws of Utah 1993, Chapter 1
100	10-3-1219, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2004, Chapter 156
101	10-3-1219.5, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1979, Chapter 39
102	10-3-1220, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1977, Chapter 48
103	10-3-1221, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1977, Chapter 48
104	10-3-1222, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1993, Chapter 231
105	10-3-1223, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1977, Chapter 48
106	10-3-1224, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1977, Chapter 48
107	10-3-1225, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1977, Chapter 48
108	10-3-1226, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1977, Chapter 48
109	10-3-1227, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1977, Chapter 48
110	10-3-1228, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1977, Chapter 48
111	
112	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
113	Section 1. Section 10-2-303 is amended to read:
114	10-2-303. Effect of change in class.
115	(1) [(a)] If a municipality changes from one class to another:
116	[(i)] (a) all property, property rights, and other rights that belonged to or were vested in
117	the municipality at the time of the change shall belong to and be vested in it after the change;
118	[(ii)] (b) no contract, claim, or right of the municipality or demand or liability against it
119	shall be altered or affected in any way by the change;
120	[(iii)] (c) each ordinance, order, and resolution in force in the municipality when it

121	changes classes shall, to the extent that it is not inconsistent with law, not be affected by the
122	change and shall remain in effect until repealed or amended;
123	[(iv)] (d) the change shall not affect the identity of the municipality;
124	[(v)] (e) each municipal officer in office at the time of the change shall continue as an
125	officer until that officer's term expires and a successor is duly elected and qualified; and
126	[(vi)] (f) except as provided in Subsection (1)(b), the municipality maintains after the
127	change in class the same form of government that it had immediately before the change.
128	[(b) (i) If a town operating under a five-member council form of government changes
129	classes to a fifth class city, its form of government shall, upon issuance of the lieutenant
130	governor's certificate under Section 10-2-302, change to a six-member council form.]
131	[(ii) As soon as practicable after the change in form of government under Subsection
132	(1)(b)(i), the governing body shall appoint a sixth council member to serve until a successor is
133	elected at the next municipal general election at which the mayor is not subject to election.]
134	(2) (a) A change in class does not affect an action at law, prosecution, business, or
135	work of the municipality changing classes, and proceedings shall continue and may be
136	conducted and proceed as if no change in class had occurred.
137	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (2)(a), if the law applicable to a municipality under the
138	new class provides the municipality a different remedy with respect to a right that it possessed
139	at the time of the change, the remedy shall be cumulative to the remedy applicable before the
140	change in class.
141	Section 2. Section 10-3-504 is amended to read:
142	10-3-504. Quorum defined.
143	[(1)] The number of members of the [governing] legislative body necessary to
144	constitute a quorum is:
145	$[\frac{a}{a}]$ (1) in a municipality operating under a five-member council-mayor form or a
146	six-member [city] or five-member council form of government [or a five-member
147	council-manager form of government], three or more; or
148	[(b)] (2) in a seven-member [council-manager] council-mayor form of government,
149	four or more.
150	[(2) The number of members of the legislative body of a municipality operating under
151	a council-mayor form of government necessary to constitute a quorum is:]

152	[(a) for a five-member council-mayor form, three; and]
153	[(b) for a seven-member council-mayor form, four.]
154	Section 3. Section 10-3-507 is amended to read:
155	10-3-507. Minimum vote required.
156	(1) [(a)] The minimum number of yes votes required to pass any ordinance or
157	resolution, or to take any action by the [governing] legislative body, unless otherwise
158	prescribed by law, [shall be a majority of the members of the quorum, but may never be less
159	than:] is the minimum number required for a quorum.
160	[(i) for a municipality operating under a five-member or six-member council form of
161	government or a five-member council-manager form of government, three; or]
162	[(ii) for a municipality operating under a seven-member council-manager form of
163	government, four.]
164	[(b) The minimum number of yes votes requires to pass an ordinance or resolution or
165	to take an action by the legislative body of a municipality operating under a council-mayor
166	form of government, unless otherwise prescribed by law, shall be a majority of the members of
167	the quorum, but may never be less than:
168	[(i) for a five-member council-mayor form, three; and]
169	[(ii) for a seven-member council-mayor form, four.]
170	(2) (a) Any ordinance, resolution, or motion of the [governing] legislative body having
171	fewer favorable votes than required in this section shall be considered defeated and invalid[;
172	except].
173	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (2)(a), a meeting may be adjourned to a specific time
174	by a majority vote of the [governing] legislative body even though [such] the majority vote is
175	less than that required in this section.
176	(3) A majority of the members of the [governing] legislative body, regardless of
177	number, may fill any vacancy in the [governing] legislative body.
178	Section 4. Section 10-3-820 is amended to read:
179	10-3-820. Cities of the first and second class.
180	In cities of the first and second class, the mayor and each [commissioner] council
181	member shall give a penal bond, with approved corporate surety, in the amount of not less than
182	\$10,000 and the auditor shall give a penal bond with approved corporate surety in the sum of

payment of all monies received by them according to law and the ord Section 5. Section 10-3-902 is amended to read:  10-3-902. City engineer required to be licensed.  [In cities of the first and second class the board of commission qualified person to each of the offices of recorder, treasurer, engineer create any other office that may be deemed necessary for the governm regulate and prescribe the powers, duties and compensation of all offi otherwise provided by law. The]  Each person [so] appointed as city engineer shall be a register under Title 58, Chapter 22[. The board of commissioners may appoin may be provided for by law or ordinances, and fill all vacancies occur Professional Engineers and Professional Land Surveyors Licensing A Section 6. Section 10-3a-101 is enacted to read:  CHAPTER 3a. FORMS OF MUNICIPAL GOV Part 1. General Provisions  10-3a-101. Title. This chapter is known as "Forms of Municipal Government." Section 7. Section 10-3a-102 is enacted to read:  10-3a-102. Definitions.  As used in this chapter:  (1) "Council-mayor form of government" means the form of government" means the form of government."	.83	
Section 5. Section 10-3-902 is amended to read:  10-3-902. City engineer required to be licensed.  [In cities of the first and second class the board of commission qualified person to each of the offices of recorder, treasurer, engineer create any other office that may be deemed necessary for the governmegulate and prescribe the powers, duties and compensation of all office otherwise provided by law. The]  Each person [so] appointed as city engineer shall be a register under Title 58, Chapter 22[. The board of commissioners may appoin may be provided for by law or ordinances, and fill all vacancies occur professional Engineers and Professional Land Surveyors Licensing A Section 6. Section 10-3a-101 is enacted to read:  CHAPTER 3a. FORMS OF MUNICIPAL GOV Part 1. General Provisions  10-3a-101. Title.  This chapter is known as "Forms of Municipal Government."  Section 7. Section 10-3a-102 is enacted to read:  10-3a-102. Definitions.  As used in this chapter:  (1) "Council-mayor form of government" means the form of government" means the form of government in the section of government in the form		not less than \$20,000 conditioned for the faithful performance of the duties of their offices and
186 10-3-902. City engineer required to be licensed.  [In cities of the first and second class the board of commission qualified person to each of the offices of recorder, treasurer, engineer create any other office that may be deemed necessary for the government regulate and prescribe the powers, duties and compensation of all office otherwise provided by law. The]  Each person [so] appointed as city engineer shall be a register under Title 58, Chapter 22[. The board of commissioners may appoin may be provided for by law or ordinances, and fill all vacancies occur Professional Engineers and Professional Land Surveyors Licensing A Section 6. Section 10-3a-101 is enacted to read:  CHAPTER 3a. FORMS OF MUNICIPAL GOV Part 1. General Provisions  10-3a-101. Title.  This chapter is known as "Forms of Municipal Government."  Section 7. Section 10-3a-102 is enacted to read:  10-3a-102. Definitions.  As used in this chapter:  (1) "Council-mayor form of government" means the form of the content of the cont	84	payment of all monies received by them according to law and the ordinances of the city.
[In cities of the first and second class the board of commission qualified person to each of the offices of recorder, treasurer, engineer create any other office that may be deemed necessary for the government regulate and prescribe the powers, duties and compensation of all office otherwise provided by law. The]  Each person [so] appointed as city engineer shall be a register under Title 58, Chapter 22[. The board of commissioners may appoin may be provided for by law or ordinances, and fill all vacancies occur Professional Engineers and Professional Land Surveyors Licensing A Section 6. Section 10-3a-101 is enacted to read:  CHAPTER 3a. FORMS OF MUNICIPAL GOV Part 1. General Provisions  10-3a-101. Title.  This chapter is known as "Forms of Municipal Government."  Section 7. Section 10-3a-102 is enacted to read:  10-3a-102. Definitions.  As used in this chapter:  (1) "Council-mayor form of government" means the form of the content of th	.85	Section 5. Section 10-3-902 is amended to read:
qualified person to each of the offices of recorder, treasurer, engineer create any other office that may be deemed necessary for the governm regulate and prescribe the powers, duties and compensation of all office therwise provided by law. The]  Each person [so] appointed as city engineer shall be a register under Title 58, Chapter 22[. The board of commissioners may appoin may be provided for by law or ordinances, and fill all vacancies occur Professional Engineers and Professional Land Surveyors Licensing A Section 6. Section 10-3a-101 is enacted to read:  CHAPTER 3a. FORMS OF MUNICIPAL GOV Part 1. General Provisions  193	86	10-3-902. City engineer required to be licensed.
create any other office that may be deemed necessary for the government regulate and prescribe the powers, duties and compensation of all office otherwise provided by law. The  Each person [so] appointed as city engineer shall be a register under Title 58, Chapter 22[. The board of commissioners may appoin may be provided for by law or ordinances, and fill all vacancies occur professional Engineers and Professional Land Surveyors Licensing A Section 6. Section 10-3a-101 is enacted to read:  CHAPTER 3a. FORMS OF MUNICIPAL GOV Part 1. General Provisions  199  10-3a-101. Title.  This chapter is known as "Forms of Municipal Government."  Section 7. Section 10-3a-102 is enacted to read:  10-3a-102. Definitions.  As used in this chapter:  (1) "Council-mayor form of government" means the form of the section of t	87	[In cities of the first and second class the board of commissioners shall appoint a
regulate and prescribe the powers, duties and compensation of all office otherwise provided by law. The]  Each person [so] appointed as city engineer shall be a register under Title 58, Chapter 22[. The board of commissioners may appoin may be provided for by law or ordinances, and fill all vacancies occur Professional Engineers and Professional Land Surveyors Licensing A Section 6. Section 10-3a-101 is enacted to read:  CHAPTER 3a. FORMS OF MUNICIPAL GOV Part 1. General Provisions  199  10-3a-101. Title.  This chapter is known as "Forms of Municipal Government."  Section 7. Section 10-3a-102 is enacted to read:  10-3a-102. Definitions.  As used in this chapter:  (1) "Council-mayor form of government" means the form of the section	.88	qualified person to each of the offices of recorder, treasurer, engineer and attorney, and may
otherwise provided by law. The]  Each person [so] appointed as city engineer shall be a register under Title 58, Chapter 22[. The board of commissioners may appoin may be provided for by law or ordinances, and fill all vacancies occur Professional Engineers and Professional Land Surveyors Licensing A Section 6. Section 10-3a-101 is enacted to read:  CHAPTER 3a. FORMS OF MUNICIPAL GOV Part 1. General Provisions  199  10-3a-101. Title.  This chapter is known as "Forms of Municipal Government."  Section 7. Section 10-3a-102 is enacted to read:  10-3a-102. Definitions.  As used in this chapter:  (1) "Council-mayor form of government" means the form of processing the section of	89	create any other office that may be deemed necessary for the government of the city, and
Each person [so] appointed as city engineer shall be a register under Title 58, Chapter 22[. The board of commissioners may appoin may be provided for by law or ordinances, and fill all vacancies occur Professional Engineers and Professional Land Surveyors Licensing A Section 6. Section 10-3a-101 is enacted to read:  CHAPTER 3a. FORMS OF MUNICIPAL GOV Part 1. General Provisions  10-3a-101. Title. This chapter is known as "Forms of Municipal Government." Section 7. Section 10-3a-102 is enacted to read: 10-3a-102. Definitions. As used in this chapter: (1) "Council-mayor form of government" means the form of government" means the form of government in the form of	.90	regulate and prescribe the powers, duties and compensation of all officers of the city, except as
under Title 58, Chapter 22[. The board of commissioners may appoin may be provided for by law or ordinances, and fill all vacancies occur Professional Engineers and Professional Land Surveyors Licensing A Section 6. Section 10-3a-101 is enacted to read:  CHAPTER 3a. FORMS OF MUNICIPAL GOV Part 1. General Provisions  199 10-3a-101. Title. This chapter is known as "Forms of Municipal Government." Section 7. Section 10-3a-102 is enacted to read: 10-3a-102. Definitions. As used in this chapter: (1) "Council-mayor form of government" means the form of provision of the section of the sectio	91	otherwise provided by law. The]
may be provided for by law or ordinances, and fill all vacancies occur  Professional Engineers and Professional Land Surveyors Licensing A  Section 6. Section 10-3a-101 is enacted to read:  CHAPTER 3a. FORMS OF MUNICIPAL GOV  Part 1. General Provisions  10-3a-101. Title.  This chapter is known as "Forms of Municipal Government."  Section 7. Section 10-3a-102 is enacted to read:  10-3a-102. Definitions.  As used in this chapter:  (1) "Council-mayor form of government" means the form of provisions of the section	92	Each person [so] appointed as city engineer shall be a registered professional engineer
Professional Engineers and Professional Land Surveyors Licensing A  Section 6. Section 10-3a-101 is enacted to read:  CHAPTER 3a. FORMS OF MUNICIPAL GOV  Part 1. General Provisions  199  10-3a-101. Title.  This chapter is known as "Forms of Municipal Government."  Section 7. Section 10-3a-102 is enacted to read:  10-3a-102. Definitions.  As used in this chapter:  (1) "Council-mayor form of government" means the form of government."	.93	under Title 58, Chapter 22[. The board of commissioners may appoint all officers and agents as
Section 6. Section 10-3a-101 is enacted to read:  CHAPTER 3a. FORMS OF MUNICIPAL GOV  Part 1. General Provisions  199  10-3a-101. Title.  This chapter is known as "Forms of Municipal Government."  Section 7. Section 10-3a-102 is enacted to read:  10-3a-102. Definitions.  As used in this chapter:  (1) "Council-mayor form of government" means the form of section 10-3a-104 is enacted to read:	94	may be provided for by law or ordinances, and fill all vacancies occurring therein],
197 CHAPTER 3a. FORMS OF MUNICIPAL GOV 198 Part 1. General Provisions 199 10-3a-101. Title. 200 This chapter is known as "Forms of Municipal Government." 201 Section 7. Section 10-3a-102 is enacted to read: 202 10-3a-102. Definitions. 203 As used in this chapter: 204 (1) "Council-mayor form of government" means the form of government.	.95	Professional Engineers and Professional Land Surveyors Licensing Act.
Part 1. General Provisions  199 10-3a-101. Title.  This chapter is known as "Forms of Municipal Government."  Section 7. Section 10-3a-102 is enacted to read:  10-3a-102. Definitions.  As used in this chapter:  (1) "Council-mayor form of government" means the form of government."	.96	Section 6. Section 10-3a-101 is enacted to read:
199 10-3a-101. Title. 200 This chapter is known as "Forms of Municipal Government." 201 Section 7. Section 10-3a-102 is enacted to read: 202 10-3a-102. Definitions. 203 As used in this chapter: 204 (1) "Council-mayor form of government" means the form of a	.97	CHAPTER 3a. FORMS OF MUNICIPAL GOVERNMENT
This chapter is known as "Forms of Municipal Government."  Section 7. Section 10-3a-102 is enacted to read:  10-3a-102. Definitions.  As used in this chapter:  (1) "Council-mayor form of government" means the form of a section of the section of t	98	Part 1. General Provisions
Section 7. Section 10-3a-102 is enacted to read:  10-3a-102. Definitions.  As used in this chapter:  (1) "Council-mayor form of government" means the form of government."	99	<u>10-3a-101.</u> Title.
202 <u>10-3a-102.</u> Definitions.  203 <u>As used in this chapter:</u> 204 (1) "Council-mayor form of government" means the form of a	200	This chapter is known as "Forms of Municipal Government."
As used in this chapter:  (1) "Council-mayor form of government" means the form of	201	Section 7. Section 10-3a-102 is enacted to read:
204 (1) "Council-mayor form of government" means the form of	202	<u>10-3a-102.</u> Definitions.
	203	As used in this chapter:
	204	(1) "Council-mayor form of government" means the form of municipal government
described in Part 2, Council-Mayor Form of Municipal Government.	205	described in Part 2, Council-Mayor Form of Municipal Government.
206 (2) "Five-member council form of government" means the fo	206	(2) "Five-member council form of government" means the form of municipal
207 government described in Part 4, Five-Member Council Form of Muni	207	government described in Part 4, Five-Member Council Form of Municipal Government.
208 (3) "Six-member council form of government" means the form	808	(3) "Six-member council form of government" means the form of municipal
209 government described in Part 3, Six-Member Council Form of Munic	209	government described in Part 3, Six-Member Council Form of Municipal Government.
Section 8. Section <b>10-3a-103</b> is enacted to read:	210	Section 8. Section 10-3a-103 is enacted to read:
	211	10-3a-103. Forms of municipal government Form of government for towns
211 <u>10-3a-103.</u> Forms of municipal government Form of gov	212	Former council-manager form.
		(1) Subject to Subsection (2), each municipality shall operate under:

214	(a) the council-mayor form of government, with a five-member or seven-member
215	council;
216	(b) the six-member council form of government; or
217	(c) the five-member council form of government.
218	(2) Unless it changes to another form of government under Part 5, Changing to
219	Another Form of Municipal Government, each town shall operate under a five-member council
220	form of government.
221	(3) A municipality retains the form of government under which it is operating unless it
222	changes its form as provided in Part 5, Changing to Another Form of Municipal Government.
223	(4) (a) A municipality operating on May 4, 2008 under the council-manager form of
224	government, as provided under the law then in effect:
225	(i) shall, on and after May 5, 2008, operate under the five-member council form of
226	government; and
227	(ii) notwithstanding Section 10-3a-401 regarding the number of council members in a
228	five-member council form of government, may continue to operate on and after May 5, 2008
229	with the same number of council members as before May 5, 2008.
230	(b) Subsection (4)(a) may not be construed to prevent a municipality described in that
231	subsection from changing to another form of government as provided in Part 5, Changing to
232	Another Form of Municipal Government.
233	Section 9. Section 10-3a-104 is enacted to read:
234	10-3a-104. Municipal council.
235	Under each form of municipal government, the council:
236	(1) is the legislative body of the municipality and exercises the legislative powers and
237	performs the legislative duties and functions of the municipality; and
238	<u>(2) may:</u>
239	(a) adopt rules and regulations, not inconsistent with statute, for the efficient
240	administration, organization, operation, conduct, and business of the municipality;
241	(b) require by ordinance that any or all appointed officers reside in the municipality;
242	(c) create any office that the council considers necessary for the government of the
243	municipality;
244	(d) provide for filling a vacancy in an elective or appointive office; and

245	(e) perform any function specifically provided for by statute or necessarily implied by
246	<u>law.</u>
247	Section 10. Section 10-3a-201 is enacted to read:
248	Part 2. Council-Mayor Form of Municipal Government
249	10-3a-201. Separate branches of government under a council-mayor form of
250	government.
251	The powers of municipal government in a municipality operating under the
252	council-mayor form of government are vested in two separate, independent, and equal branches
253	of municipal government consisting of:
254	(1) a council composed of five or seven members; and
255	(2) a mayor and, under the mayor's supervision, any executive or administrative
256	departments, divisions, and offices and any executive or administrative officers provided for by
257	municipal ordinance.
258	Section 11. Section 10-3a-202 is enacted to read:
259	10-3a-202. Mayor in council-mayor form of government.
260	The mayor in a municipality operating under the council-mayor form of government:
261	(1) is the chief executive and administrative officer of the municipality;
262	(2) exercises the executive and administrative powers and performs or supervises the
263	performance of the executive and administrative duties and functions of the municipality;
264	(3) shall:
265	(a) keep the peace and enforce the laws and ordinances of the municipality;
266	(b) execute the policies adopted by the council;
267	(c) appoint, with the council's advice and consent, a qualified person for each of the
268	following positions:
269	(i) recorder;
270	(ii) treasurer;
271	(iii) engineer; and
272	(iv) attorney:
273	(d) provide to the council, at intervals provided by ordinance, a written report to the
274	council setting forth:
275	(i) the amount of budget appropriations;

2/6	(11) total disbursements from the appropriations;
277	(iii) the amount of indebtedness incurred or contracted against each appropriation,
278	including disbursements and indebtedness incurred and not paid; and
279	(iv) the percentage of the appropriations encumbered;
280	(e) inform the council of the condition and needs of the municipality;
281	(f) remit fines and forfeitures to the council at the council's next regular meeting after
282	the fines and forfeitures are collected;
283	(g) report to the council any release that the mayor grants under Subsection (4)(k); and
284	(h) perform each other duty:
285	(i) prescribed by this chapter; or
286	(ii) required by a municipal ordinance that is not inconsistent with this chapter;
287	(4) may:
288	(a) subject to budget constraints, appoint one or more administrative assistants to the
289	mayor;
290	(b) with the council's advice and consent and except as otherwise specifically limited
291	by statute, appoint:
292	(i) each department head of the municipality;
293	(ii) each statutory officer of the municipality; and
294	(iii) each member of a statutory commission, board, or committee of the municipality;
295	(c) dismiss any person appointed by the mayor;
296	(d) as provided in Section 10-3a-204, veto an ordinance, tax levy, or appropriation
297	passed by the council;
298	(e) exercise control of and supervise each executive or administrative department,
299	division, or office of the municipality;
300	(f) within the general provisions of statute and ordinance, regulate and prescribe the
301	powers and duties of each other executive or administrative officer or employee of the
302	municipality;
303	(g) attend each council meeting, take part in discussions, and freely give advice to the
304	council;
305	(h) appoint a budget officer to serve in place of the mayor to comply with Title 10,
306	Chapter 5. Uniform Fiscal Procedures Act for Utah Towns, or Chapter 6. Uniform Fiscal

307	Procedures Act for Utah Cities, as the case may be;
308	(i) if necessary, call on residents of the municipality over the age of 21 years to assist in
309	enforcing state laws and municipal ordinances;
310	(j) at any reasonable time, examine and inspect the official books, papers, records, or
311	documents of the municipality or of any officer, employee, or agent of the municipality;
312	(k) release a person imprisoned for a violation of a municipal ordinance; and
313	(1) execute an agreement on behalf of the municipality, or delegate, by written
314	executive order, the authority to execute an agreement on behalf of the municipality:
315	(i) if the obligation under the agreement is within certified budget appropriations; and
316	(ii) subject to Section 10-6-138; and
317	(5) may not vote on any matter before the council.
318	Section 12. Section 10-3a-203 is enacted to read:
319	10-3a-203. Council may elect chair.
320	The council in a municipality operating under a council-mayor form of government may
321	elect one of its members to be the chair of the council.
322	Section 13. Section 10-3a-204 is enacted to read:
323	10-3a-204. Presenting council action to mayor Veto Reconsideration When
324	ordinance, tax levy, or appropriation takes effect.
325	(1) The council in each municipality operating under a council-mayor form of
326	municipal government shall present to the mayor each ordinance, tax levy, and appropriation
327	passed by the council.
328	(2) (a) The mayor in a municipality operating under a council-mayor form of municipal
329	government may veto an ordinance or tax levy or all or any part of an appropriation passed by
330	the council.
331	(b) If a mayor vetoes an ordinance or tax levy or all or any part of an appropriation, the
332	mayor shall return the ordinance, tax levy, or appropriation to the council within 15 days after
333	the council presents the ordinance, tax levy, or appropriation to the mayor, with a statement
334	explaining the mayor's objections.
335	(3) At its next meeting following a mayor's veto under Subsection (2), the council shall
336	reconsider the vetoed ordinance, tax levy, or appropriation.
337	(4) Each ordinance, tax levy, and appropriation passed by the council shall take effect

338	after it has been recorded if:
339	(a) before it is recorded the mayor signs the ordinance, tax levy, or appropriation,
340	approving it;
341	(b) the mayor fails to sign the ordinance, tax levy, or appropriation within 15 days after
342	the council presents the ordinance, tax levy, or appropriation to the mayor; or
343	(c) following a veto, the council reconsiders the ordinance, tax levy, or appropriation
344	and passes it by a vote of at least two-thirds of all council members.
345	Section 14. Section 10-3a-301 is enacted to read:
346	Part 3. Six-Member Council Form of Municipal Government
347	10-3a-301. Municipal government powers vested in a six-member council.
348	The powers of municipal government in a municipality operating under the six-member
349	council form of government are vested in a council consisting of six members, one of which is
350	a mayor.
351	Section 15. Section 10-3a-302 is enacted to read:
352	10-3a-302. Mayor in six-member council form of government Mayor pro
353	tempore.
354	(1) The mayor in a municipality operating under a six-member council form of
355	municipal government:
356	(a) is, except as provided in Subsection (1)(b), a nonvoting member of the council;
357	(b) votes as a voting member of the council:
358	(i) on each matter for which there is a tie vote of the other council members present at a
359	council meeting; or
360	(ii) when the council is voting on:
361	(A) whether to appoint or dismiss a municipal manager; or
362	(B) an ordinance that enlarges or restricts the mayor's powers, duties, or functions;
363	(c) is the chair of the council and presides at all council meetings;
364	(d) exercises ceremonial functions for the municipality;
365	(e) may not veto an ordinance, tax levy, or appropriation passed by the council;
366	(f) exercises the executive and administrative powers and performs or supervises the
367	performance of executive and administrative duties and functions of the municipality, if and to
368	the extent provided by municipal ordinance; and

369	(g) if delegated executive or administrative powers, duties, or functions, may, within
370	budget constraints, appoint one or more administrative assistants to the mayor.
371	(2) (a) If the mayor is absent from a council meeting or is unable or refuses to act as
372	chair at a council meeting, the council may elect a member of the council as mayor pro tempore
373	to preside at the council meeting and to perform the duties and functions of mayor at the
374	meeting.
375	(b) The municipal clerk or recorder shall enter in the minutes of the council meeting
376	the election of a council member as mayor pro tempore under Subsection (2)(a).
377	Section 16. Section 10-3a-303 is enacted to read:
378	10-3a-303. Council in six-member form of government.
379	The council in a municipality operating under a six-member council form of
380	government:
381	(1) exercises the executive and administrative powers and performs or supervises the
382	performance of the executive and administrative duties and functions of the municipality,
383	including the powers, duties, and functions stated in Section 10-3a-202, except:
384	(a) to the extent that those powers, duties, or functions are delegated to the mayor by
385	municipal ordinance; and
386	(b) the power to veto under Subsection 10-3a-202(4)(d);
387	(2) may:
388	(a) subject to Subsection 10-3a-302(1)(b)(ii)(B), adopt an ordinance:
389	(i) delegating to the mayor any of the powers, duties, or functions of a mayor under a
390	council-mayor form of municipal government under Section 10-3a-202, except the power to
391	veto an ordinance, tax levy, or appropriation passed by the council; or
392	(ii) removing from the mayor any power, duty, or function previously delegated to the
393	mayor by municipal ordinance;
394	(b) subject to Subsection10-3a-302(1)(b)(ii)(A):
395	(i) appoint a manager to perform executive and administrative duties or functions that
396	the council by ordinance delegates to the manager, subject to Subsection (3); and
397	(ii) dismiss a manager appointed under Subsection (2)(b)(i); and
398	(c) assign any or all council members, including the mayor, to supervise one or more
399	administrative departments of the municipality; and

400	(3) may not delegate to a manager appointed by the council:
401	(a) any of the mayor's legislative or judicial powers or ceremonial functions;
402	(b) the mayor's position as chair of the council; or
403	(c) any ex officio position that the mayor holds.
404	Section 17. Section 10-3a-401 is enacted to read:
405	Part 4. Five-Member Council Form of Municipal Government
406	10-3a-401. Municipal government powers vested in a five-member council.
407	The powers of municipal government in a municipality operating under the
408	five-member council form of municipal government are vested in a council consisting of five
409	members, one of which is a mayor.
410	Section 18. Section 10-3a-402 is enacted to read:
411	10-3a-402. Mayor in a five-member council form of government.
412	(1) The mayor in a municipality operating under a five-member council form of
413	municipal government:
414	(a) is a regular and voting member of the council;
415	(b) is the chair of the council and presides at all council meetings;
416	(c) exercises ceremonial functions for the municipality; and
417	(d) may not veto any ordinance, tax levy, or appropriation passed by the council.
418	(2) (a) If the mayor is absent from a council meeting or is unable or refuses to act as
419	chair at a council meeting, the council may elect another member of the council as mayor pro-
420	tempore to preside at the council meeting and to perform the duties and functions of mayor a
421	the meeting.
422	(b) The municipal clerk or recorder shall enter in the minutes of the council meeting
423	the election of a council member as mayor pro tempore under Subsection (2)(a).
424	Section 19. Section 10-3a-403 is enacted to read:
425	10-3a-403. Council in a five-member form of government.
426	(1) The council in a municipality operating under a five-member council form of
427	municipal government:
428	(a) exercises the executive and administrative powers and performs or supervises the
429	performance of the executive and administrative duties and functions of the municipality,
430	including the powers, duties, and functions stated in Section 10-3a-202, except the power to

431	veto under Subsection 10-3a-202(4)(d);
432	(b) may:
433	(i) appoint a manager to perform executive and administrative duties or functions that
434	the council by ordinance delegates to the manager, subject to Subsection (1)(c); and
435	(ii) subject to Subsection (2), dismiss a manager appointed under Subsection (1)(b)(i);
436	<u>and</u>
437	(iii) assign any or all council members, including the mayor, to supervise one or more
438	administrative departments of the municipality; and
439	(c) may not delegate to a manager appointed by the council:
440	(i) any of the mayor's legislative or judicial powers or ceremonial functions;
441	(ii) the mayor's position as chair of the council; or
442	(iii) any ex officio position that the mayor holds.
443	(2) If the legislative body of a municipality operating under a five-member council
444	form of government because of Subsection 10-3a-103(4) dismisses a manager hired before
445	May 5, 2008, the council shall cause the manager to be paid, upon dismissal:
446	(a) any unpaid balance of the manager's salary due to the date of the dismissal; and
447	(b) the manager's salary at the same rate for the next six calendar months following the
448	dismissal.
449	Section 20. Section 10-3a-501 is enacted to read:
450	Part 5. Changing to Another Form of Municipal Government
451	10-3a-501. Authority to change to another form of municipal government.
452	As provided in this part, a municipality may change from the form of government under
453	which it operates to:
454	(1) the council-mayor form of government with a five-member council;
455	(2) the council-mayor form of government with a seven-member council;
456	(3) the six-member form of government; or
457	(4) the five-member form of government.
458	Section 21. Section 10-3a-502 is enacted to read:
459	<u>10-3a-502.</u> Voter approval required Election following resolution or petition
460	Limitation on resolution and petition Ballot.
461	(1) A municipality may not change its form of government under this part unless voters

462	of the municipality approve the change at an election held for that purpose.
463	(2) (a) Subject to Subsection (3), the legislative body of a municipality shall hold an
464	election on a proposal to change the municipality's form of government under this part:
465	( <u>i</u> ) <u>if:</u>
466	(A) the municipal legislative body adopts a resolution proposing a change; or
467	(B) a petition is filed, as provided in Title 20A, Chapter 7, Part 5, Local Initiatives -
468	Procedures, proposing a change; and
469	(ii) within 12 months after:
470	(A) for a resolution adopted under Subsection (2)(a)(i)(A), adoption of a resolution; or
471	(B) for an initiative petition filed under Subsection (2)(a)(i)(B), the petition is declared
472	sufficient under Section 20A-7-507.
473	(b) Each resolution adopted under Subsection (2)(a)(i)(A) or petition filed under
474	Subsection (2)(a)(i)(B) shall:
475	(i) state the number, method of election, and initial terms of council members; and
476	(ii) specify the boundaries of districts substantially equal in population, if some or all
477	council members are to be elected by district.
478	(3) A resolution may not be adopted under Subsection (2)(a)(i)(A) and a petition may
479	not be filed under Subsection (2)(a)(i)(B) within:
480	(a) two years after an election at which voters reject a proposal to change the
481	municipality's form of government, if the resolution or petition proposes changing to the same
482	form of government that voters rejected at the election; or
483	(b) four years after the effective date of a change in the form of municipal government
484	(4) The ballot at an election on a proposal to change the municipality's form of
485	government shall:
486	(a) state the ballot question substantially as follows: "Shall (state the municipality's
487	name), Utah change its form of government to the (state "council-mayor form, with a
488	five-member council," "council-mayor form, with a seven-member council," "six-member
489	council form," or "five-member council form," as applicable)?"; and
490	(b) provide a space or method for the voter to vote "yes" or "no."
491	Section 22. Repealer.
492	This bill repeals:

493	Section 10-3-101, Governing body Legislative and executive powers.
494	Section 10-3-102, Governing body Other functions.
495	Section 10-3-106, Governing body in towns.
496	Section 10-3-207, Determining two and four year terms.
497	Section 10-3-403, Mayor as presiding officer Mayor pro tempore.
498	Section 10-3-404, No veto.
499	Section 10-3-503, Quorum necessary to do business.
500	Section 10-3-801, Administrative powers in cities of the first class.
501	Section 10-3-802, Designation of department head in cities of the first class.
502	Section 10-3-803, Officers limited to one office Exceptions.
503	Section 10-3-804, Change in names, functions and superintendents of department
504	Section 10-3-805, Administrative powers in cities of the second class.
505	Section 10-3-806, Designation of department head in cities of the second class.
506	Section 10-3-807, Commissioners may administer two departments Change in
507	names, functions and superintendents.
508	Section 10-3-808, Administration vested in mayor.
509	Section 10-3-809, Powers of mayors in a city of third, fourth, or fifth class or a
510	town.
511	Section 10-3-811, Members of the governing body may be appointed to
512	administration in a city of the third, fourth, or fifth class or a town.
513	Section 10-3-812, Change of duties in a city of the third, fourth, or fifth class or a
514	town.
515	Section 10-3-813, General administrative powers of all municipalities.
516	Section 10-3-814, Personnel assigned to one or more departments.
517	Section 10-3-815, Rules and regulations for administration of municipality.
518	Section 10-3-816, Appointed officers Residency requirement authorized.
519	Section 10-3-817, Elected executives to appoint their deputies.
520	Section 10-3-830, Appointment of city or town manager.
521	Section 10-3-901, Creating offices Filling vacancies.
522	Section 10-3-1201, Citation of act.
523	Section 10-3-1202, Legislative finding.

524	Section 10-3-1203, Election requirements and procedure for organization under
525	different form of government.
526	Section 10-3-1204, Application of act.
527	Section 10-3-1205, Rights, powers, and duties of municipality operating under
528	optional form.
529	Section 10-3-1206, Limitation on changing form of government.
530	Section 10-3-1207, Disapproval of optional form by voters Limitation on
531	resubmission.
532	Section 10-3-1208, Election of officers When new government operative
533	Compensation of officials without position in new government.
534	Section 10-3-1210, Functions of the council.
535	Section 10-3-1211, Council members Qualifications Terms of office.
536	Section 10-3-1212, Meetings of council Access to records.
537	Section 10-3-1213, Chairmen of councils Power to call witnesses and administer
538	oath Quorum Voting procedure.
539	Section 10-3-1214, Ordinance adoption under council-mayor form Powers of
540	mayor.
541	Section 10-3-1215, Rules and regulations for government of council.
542	Section 10-3-1216, Council members elected from districts Boundary
543	Adjustments.
544	Section 10-3-1217, Limitations on actions and authority of council members
545	Investigatory committees.
546	Section 10-3-1218, Vacancy in council.
547	Section 10-3-1219, Council-mayor form Powers and duties of mayor.
548	Section 10-3-1219.5, Council-mayor form Ordinances on transfer of municipal
549	property and regulation of subdivisions or annexations.
550	Section 10-3-1220, Council-mayor form Appointment of chief administrative
551	officer.
552	Section 10-3-1221, Municipal administrative code in council-mayor form.
553	Section 10-3-1222, Council-mayor form Vacancy in office of mayor.
554	Section 10-3-1223 Council-manager form Election and nowers and duties of

555	mayor.
556	Section 10-3-1224, Council-manager form Appointment of municipal manager.
557	Section 10-3-1225, Manager Removal from office.
558	Section 10-3-1226, Manager Powers and duties.
559	Section 10-3-1227, Municipal administrative code in council-manager form.
560	Section 10-3-1228, Manager Working time and compensation.

Legislative Review Note as of 11-14-07 2:05 PM

Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel

## S.B. 20 - Municipal Government Amendments

## **Fiscal Note**

2008 General Session State of Utah

## **State Impact**

Enactment of this bill will not require additional appropriations.

## Individual, Business and/or Local Impact

Enactment of this bill likely will not result in direct, measurable costs and/or benefits for individuals, businesses, or local governments.

1/12/2008, 12:06:16 PM, Lead Analyst: Wardrop, T.

Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst